being spent by the existing manufactures on imports is not available.

Use of Hydrogen Peroxide in Dairy Products

2108. SHRI SHAMIM HASHMI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that Amul and other dairies are using prohibited and dangerous hydrogen peroxide in fluid milk transported under Operation Flood I, II, III and IV and Milk Mission over long distances in inter-State trade since this chemical cannot be tested easily; and

(b) whether Government would order a special inquiry by CBI to find out if any of the Operation Flood Dairies have been regularly purchasing this chemical since 1970 and take corrective steps against the guilty officials?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RASHEED MASOOD): (a) No such report has come to the notice of the Government.

(b) Does not arise.

Use of Pesticides for Vector Control

2109. SHRI SHAMIM HASHMI: Will the Ministery of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the pesticides and their quantities used for vector control at present and with what results; and

(b) whether ICMR or other laboratories have worked out alternatives to pesticides; if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RASHEED MASOOD): (a) The following pesticides with their quantities were used under the programme from 1986 to 1988:-

Insencticide Year-wise consumption of Pesticides as in Thousand Tonnes

		1986 Qty.	1987 Qty.	1988 Qty.
D.D.T	Technical	8.8	8.7	9.17
H.C.H	Technical	7.3	6.9	7.0
Malathion	Technical	11.8	1.3	1.5
Pyrethrum Ext. (Qty. in 1000 Ltrs.)		35	10.3	20.6
Fenthion (Qty. in 1000 Ltrs.)		56	36.6	69.5
Temephos (Qty. in 1000 Ltrs.)		28	19.4	29.8
Paris Green (Qty. in 1000 Kgs.)		48.9	38.0	16.2

The above insecticides are used to control the mosquitoes spreading malaria and filaria diseases as the major strategy under the programme. The malaria situation in the country during the last 3 years is given below:-

Year	*Malaria cases in million*
1987	1.6 million
1988	1.8 million
1989	1.9 million

The urban areas where Urban Malaria Scheme is being operated, reduction in malaria cases was also noted in 44% of the towns in 1989 in comparison to that of 1988. 33% of the towns recorded reduction in filaria in 1989 over 1988 where the mosquito control measures were carried out for at least 5 years.

(b) Yes, Sir. An integrated bio-environmental strategy for control of vectors has been successfully developed and is being field tested at several sites by the ICMR. Field experiments have demonstrated that this strategy is feasible, cost effective and socially

acceptable. In this strategy, the control of vector borne disease is achieved by involving the communities in the control of mosquito breeding by employing simple methods of filling, levelling, draining and use larvivorous fishes. In this strategy, the insecticides are either not used or used only in special circumstances.

BICP study on Bulk Drugs

2110. SHRIMATI RATAN KUMARI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of bulk drugs for which BICP has not conducted cost-cum-technical study even after the lapse of 4 years from the previous cost study;

(b) what are the reasons for the failure to do so and when was last study conducted and price recommended;

(c) whether it is a fact that most of these drugs are those which are available in the market at prices lower than Government fixed prices;

(d) what steps have been taken to rectify the situation;

(e) whether it is a fact that BICP has made market survey of prices of these drugs; and

(f) if so, what are the prices of each?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI M.S. GURUPADASWAMY): (a) Bureau of Industrial Costs and Prices have not sent their cost-cum-Technical reports in respect of bulk drugs given in the statement which according to them are also produced in the country, after the promulgation of Drugs (Prices Control) Order, 1987.

(b) Cost study in respect of some of these drugs is in progress whereas in respect of certain other drugs BICP is awaiting data from the manufacturers.

(c) to (f) Market survey of prices of bulk drugs is not carried out by the BICP. Reports about the availability of some of these bulk drugs at prices lower than Government notified prices have been received. BICP has been requested to expedite the Cost study.

Statement

1. Quinine
2. Isoxuprine
3. Mebhydroline
4. Analgin
5. Phenytoin Sodium
6. S Methyl Dopa
7. Metronidazole
8. Cloxacellin
9. Piperazine
10. Pilocarpine
11. Amoxycillin
12. Ampicillin
13. Cemetidine
14. Dextropropoxyphene
15. Doxycycline
16. Diphenoxylate
17. Framycetin
18. Hydralazine
19. Iron Dextran
20. Metoclopramide
21. Naldixic Acid
22. Pentazocaine
23. Promethazine
24. Reserpine
25. Ranitidine
26. Sulphadoxine
27. Valporic Acid
28. Timolol
29. Metoprolol
30. Chlorpromazine
31. Imipramine.

Routine Lifting of Samples of Milk from Trucks bringing Milk to Delhi

2111. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to refer to the answer given in the Rajya Sabha to Unstarred Question 1652 on the 9th May, 1989, Unstarred Question 1527 on the 1st August, 1989 and Unstarred Question 608 on the 19th March, 1990 and state:

(a) what were the reasons for not lifting samples of milk from trucks bringing milk to Delhi from neighbouring States in the routine raids during the year 1988; and